

Fluctuation-induced Phenomena: Problem Set 10

1) Casimir energy and argument principle (7 Points).

At zero temperature the Lifshitz' formula for the Casimir energy between perfectly reflecting mirrors is given by

$$E_{\text{Lif}}(L) = A \int_0^\infty \frac{d\xi}{2\pi} \int \frac{d^2\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^2} \sum_\sigma \hbar \ln(1 - e^{-2\kappa L}), \quad (1)$$

where $\kappa = \sqrt{|k|^2 + \xi^2/c^2}$. Remark that we can write

$$1 - e^{-2\kappa L} = \frac{D(\kappa, L)}{D(\kappa, L \rightarrow \infty)}, \quad (2)$$

where $D(\kappa, L) = \sinh[\kappa L]$ and $D(\kappa, L \rightarrow \infty)$ is the *asymptotic expression* of $D(\kappa, L)$ in the limit of $L \rightarrow \infty$.

Using the argument principle, show that we can recover Casimir's formula for the energy as sum over the zero point energies of the frequency modes vibrating between the mirrors.

$$E_{\text{Lif}}(L) = A \int \frac{d^2\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^2} \sum_\sigma \left[\sum_n \frac{\hbar \omega_n^\sigma(\mathbf{k}, L)}{2} \right]_{L \rightarrow \infty}^L \quad (3)$$

where

$$\omega_n^\sigma(\mathbf{k}, L) = c \sqrt{|\mathbf{k}|^2 + \left(\frac{\pi}{L}n\right)^2}. \quad (4)$$

Hint: Look for the zeros of $D(\kappa, L)$ in the complex-frequency plane.

— 7 Points —

— To be handed in prior to the tutorials on 17.07.2017 —